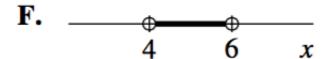
58. Which of the following number line graphs shows the solution set to the inequality |x-5| < -1?

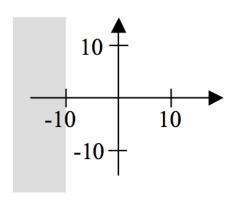


G.
$$4$$
 6 x

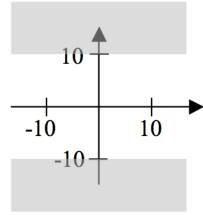
$$\mathbf{H.} \xrightarrow{4} \xrightarrow{6} x$$

K.
$$\frac{4 \quad 6}{\text{(empty set)}}$$

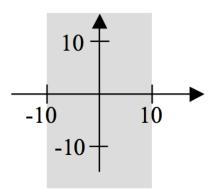
A.



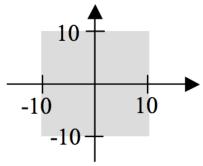
D.



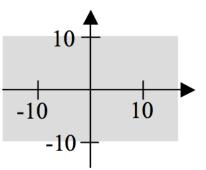
B.



E.



C.



- 14. What is the smallest positive integer x such that $|2-x| \ge 6$?
- F. 3 G. 5 H. 6 J. 7 K. 8

Solve for z where |z+1| < 3

Possible Answers:

-4 < z < 2

z < 1 or z > 3x

1 < z

1 < z < 3

 $-4 \le Z$



Correct answer:

-4 < z < 2

Explanation :

Absolute value problems generally have two answers:

z+1<3 or z+1>-3 and subtracting 1 from each side gives z<2 or z>-4 which bcomes -4<z<2

14. What is the smallest positive integer x such that

|2-x|≥6? | When Solving for x 2-x≥6 and 2-x≥-6

F. 3
G. 5
H. 6
J. 7
K. 8

absolute Value

Remember 8= x

Remember 8= x

58. Which of the following number line graphs shows the solution set to the inequality |x-5| < -1?



G.
$$4$$
 6 x

$$\mathbf{H.} \xrightarrow{4} \xrightarrow{6} x$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\mathbf{K.} & & & & \\
& 4 & 6 & x \\
& & (\text{empty set}) & & & \\
\end{array}$$